

# 2022 NCCRT Steps Guide Update

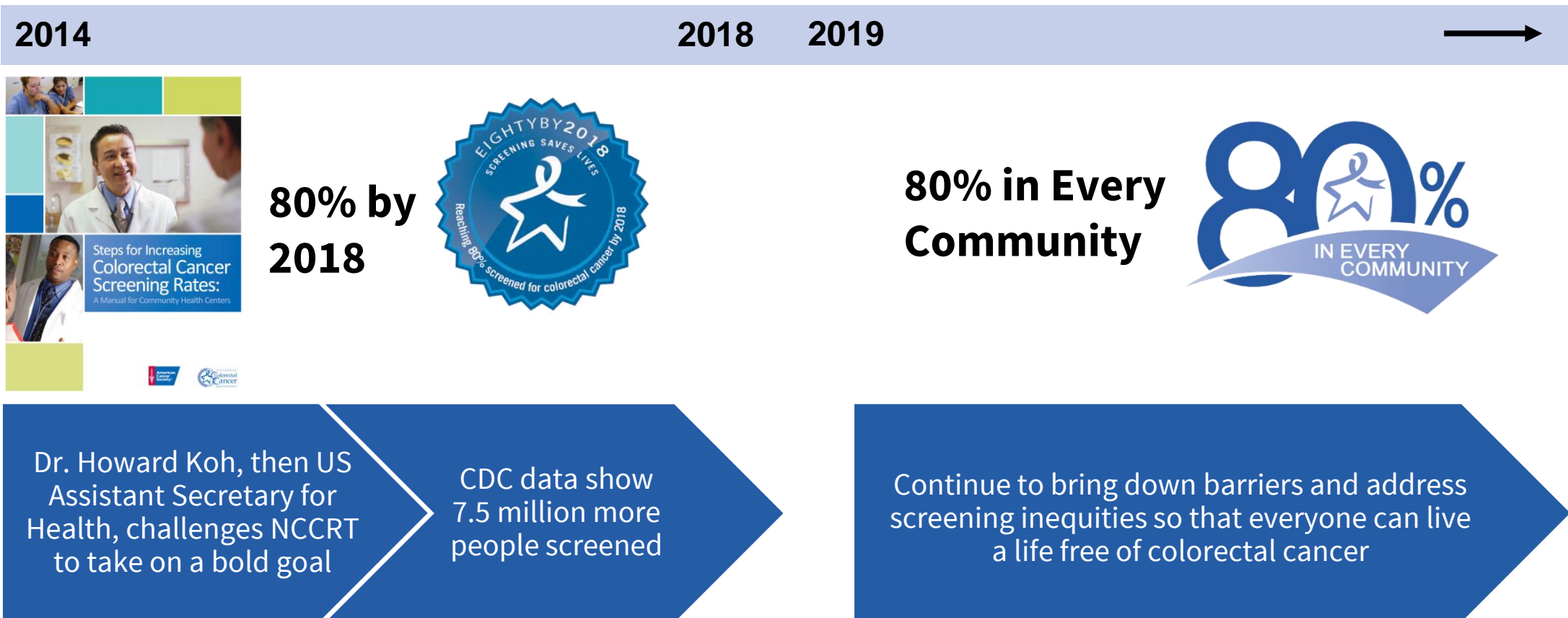


*Steps for Increasing Colorectal Cancer Screening  
Rates: A Manual for Primary Care Practices*

July 25, 2022, 1:00 PM ET

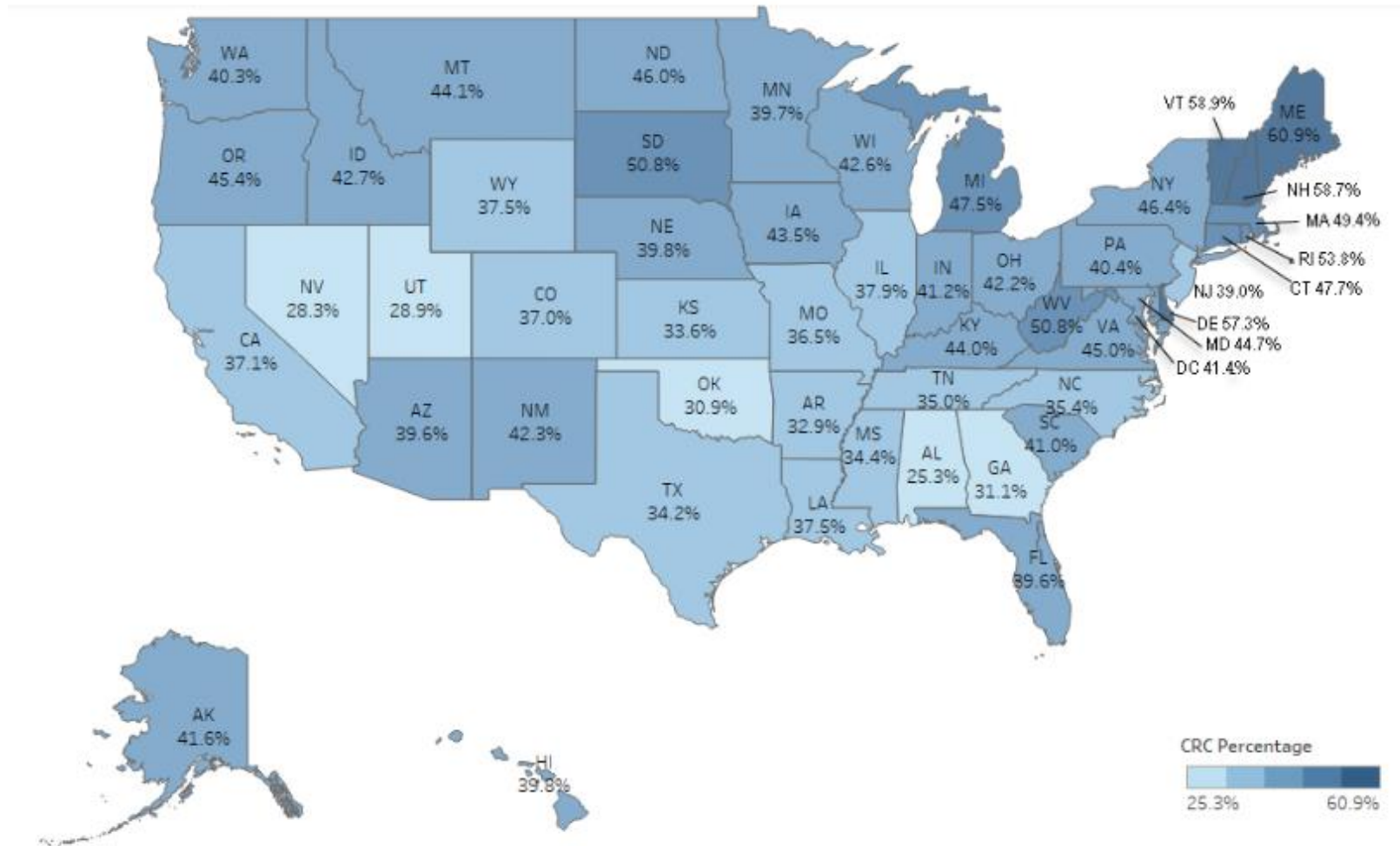


# A Sentinel Resource in NCCRT's 80% Campaigns



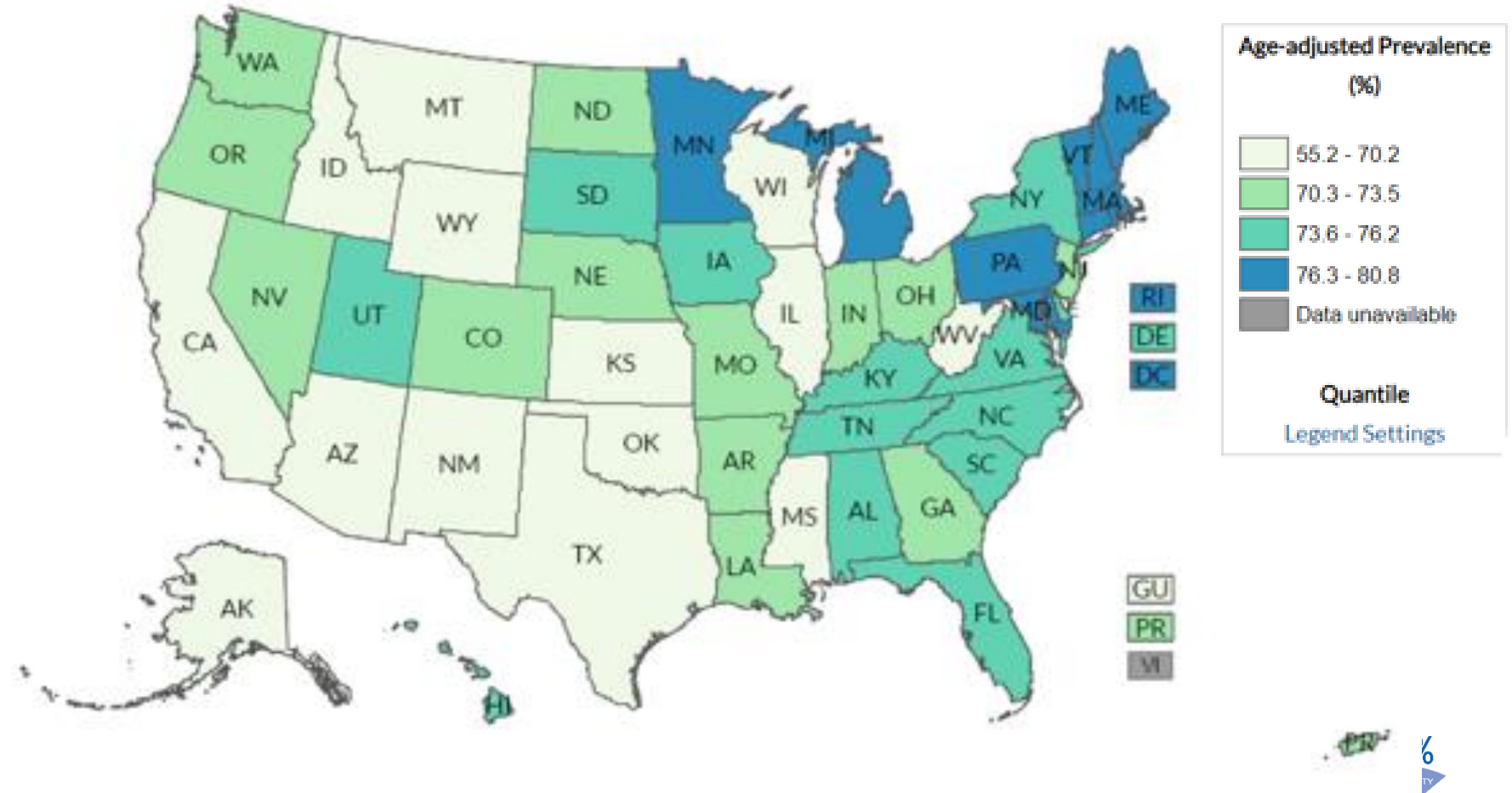
# UDS CRC Screening Rates by State, 2020

Percentage of HRSA-funded Health Center Patients ages 50-75 years Up-to-Date with CRC Screening, Uniform Data System, 2020



# BRFSS CRC Screening Rates by State, 2020

Adults ages 50-75  
years Up-to-Date  
using USPSTF  
Recommendation,  
Behavioral Risk  
Factor Surveillance  
System, 2020





# Purpose of Today's Webinar

- Introduce the ***Steps for Increasing Colorectal Cancer Screening Rates: A Manual for Primary Care Practices***
- Learn about the what is new in the 2022 update
- Introduce the 4 steps for increasing colorectal cancer screening rates
- Share an overview of the contents and steps to implementation
- Learn about the case studies and how two primary care practices used Steps Guide strategies to transform CRC screening delivery
- Q&A



# Our Presenters



**Laura Makaroff, DO**

*Senior Vice President, Prevention and Early Detection, American Cancer Society*



**Keith Winfrey, MD, MPH, FACP**

*Chief Medical Officer, New Orleans East Louisiana Community Health Center*



**Michelle Tropper, MPH**

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# Thank You!

The NCCRT would like to thank the many contributors who generously offered their time and expertise to the development of this updated second edition.

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Newly Updated Steps Guide for Increasing CRC Screening:

A Manual for Primary Care

Michelle Tropper, MPH

July 25, 2022



# STEPS

For Increasing  
Colorectal Cancer  
Screening Rates

A Manual for Primary Care Practices



# Overview

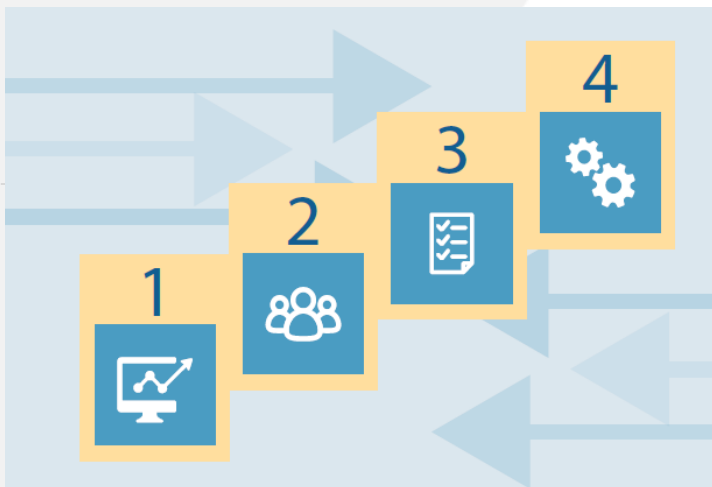
- Approach to updating the Steps Guide and Advisory Committee Process
- Updates include:
  - ✓ New screening modalities included (mt-sDNA, CT Colonography and high-sensitivity stool testing)
  - ✓ Updated literature review / annotated bibliography
  - ✓ Updated screening guidelines
  - ✓ New appendices and tools
  - ✓ Geared to all primary care audiences
- 10 Interviews and Case Studies
- Abnormal stool tests: NCCRT Best Practices Brief



# How the Guide has been used

- Credible reference to brainstorm ideas
- Identify evidence-based recommendations to increase screening rates
- Identify ways to pay for colorectal cancer screening
- Flu-FIT
- Identify tested messages
- Generate ideas for tracking follow-up and provider recall
- Guideline resource





## Updated Steps

### Step #1: Make a Plan

- Included steps for data validation and readiness assessment and clinical decision support for quality improvement

### Step #2: Identify a Team

- Included steps for an Internal Cross Functional Team
- Added Step for Reviewing workflows and identifying opportunities

### Step #3: Screen Patients

- Added documentation of results in EHR

### Step #4: Coordinate Care

- Included process for follow-up with patients for any abnormal results

# Steps Guide Refresh – Highlights

## New Appendices:

### **a. New NCCRT Colonoscopy Needs calculator**

<https://learning.nccrt.org/colonoscopy-calculator-form/>

### **b. Readiness Assessment Tools for Practices:**

- i. HealthEfficient Colorectal Clinical Decision Support for Quality Improvement (CDSQI) Example
- ii. West Virginia Partnership to Increase Colorectal Cancer Screening (WV PICCS) Partner Clinic Readiness Assessment Toolkit
- iii. New York State Colorectal Cancer Clinic Readiness Assessment Tool

### **c. FIT/FOBT Sample Workflow Process**

### **d. Updated EHR Workflow Documentation Screenshots**














# Primary Care Practice Case Studies

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10 Case studies and appendices:

- 1) Allegheny Health Network Premier Medical Associates
- 2) Coal Country Community Health Center
- 3) East Boston Neighborhood Health Center
- 4) Family Medical and Counseling Services
- 5) Mercy Health System
- 6) NOELA Community Health Center
- 7) North Hudson Community Health Center
- 8) Sanford Health
- 9) Triburcio Vasquez Health Center
- 10) Zufall Community Health Center

# Case Study Innovations and Tools Shared

	Patient Navigators/Community Health Worker		Dashboard
	Mailed FIT		Abnormal FIT results follow-up
	HIT Intervention		Patient and/or Provider Education
	Care Team		Reminders
	Clinical Champion		Outreach
	Open Scheduling		

# Importance of Follow-up of Abnormal Results

- Stool tests only save lives if they are followed up appropriately when abnormal.
- Colonoscopy within 1 year of an abnormal result rarely exceeds 50%.
- Practices need to develop workflows and implement steps to close the loop on the screening process and verify that the test was completed as ordered.



# Clearly Communicate Results and Next Steps to Patients

An abnormal FIT does not mean you have cancer.

It's important to attend all follow-up appointments for tests or treatment.

If polyps are found, most are removed during your colonoscopy.

Colonoscopy is an important step for getting ahead of cancer in your colon.

Source: <http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/screening/Documents/Abnormal-FIT-Brochure.pdf>

The USPSTF clearly states in its colorectal cancer screening guidelines that *“Follow-up of positive screening test results requires colonoscopy regardless of the screening test used.”*

# Best Practices for Follow-up of Abnormal Results



Use registries to track patients with abnormal FIT results



Standardized and scripted approach to follow-up



- ✓ Delivering results to patients
- ✓ Scheduling follow-up tests within one month of receiving abnormal test results



Utilize patient navigators



Identify a clinical champion



Ensure quality screening for a stool-based screening program



- ✓ Stool samples collected at home
- ✓ Verify date of collection with patient
- ✓ Use trained, experienced personnel to develop and report test kits
- ✓ Send test kits to a central laboratory for processing, when possible
- ✓ Monitor test positivity rates



## Best Practices for Follow-up of Abnormal Results (continued)



### Mailed FIT test outreach

- ✓ Track return rates and follow-up
- ✓ Use closed loop system to track lab orders and diagnostic imaging/referrals ordered

### Coordinate follow-up after colonoscopy



*Delaying colonoscopy after an abnormal stool test can have major consequences, including increased risk for cancer diagnosis, late-stage cancer at diagnosis, and death from colorectal cancer. – Dr. Samir Gupta, VA San Diego Healthcare System*

### Establish a medical neighborhood



- ✓ Understand insurance complexities
- ✓ Use consistent language to describe the entire screening process; use “follow-up colonoscopy”, rather than “diagnostic colonoscopy”

# Thank you!

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# Case Study Spotlights

# NOELA Community Health Center

- **Practice Type:** Federally Qualified Health Center
- **Location:** New Orleans, Louisiana
- **Health System Statistics (2020 UDS Data):**
  - 4,164 unique patients
  - 95% of patients at or below 200% Federal Poverty Guideline
  - 61% of patients best served in a language other than English
  - 27% of patients are uninsured
  - EHR: AthenaHealth



# NOELA Community Health Center

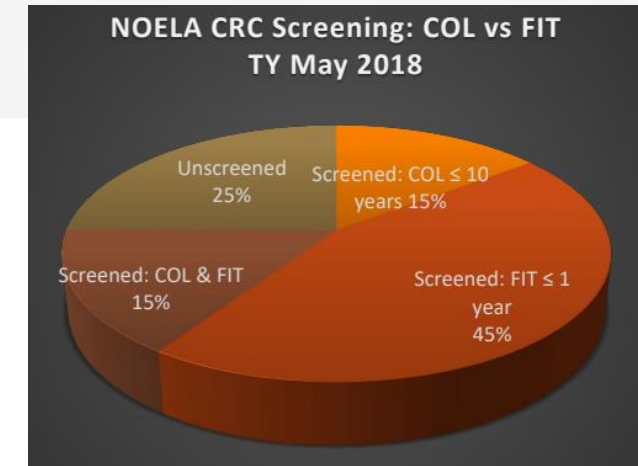
- **Major Challenge:** FIT return rates
- **Strategies:**
  - Mailed FIT
  - Patient navigators educate patients about CRC screening
  - Train all staff on how to distribute FIT kits to patients
  - Provider dashboards/share data and feedback with all staff
- **Results:** UDS CRC screening rates increased from **70.4% in 2016 to 80% in 2018**. In 2020, the rate was 75.5%. The initial UDS rate in 2012 was 3%!





# NOELA Community Health Center

- **Spotlight on Step #1: Make a Plan**
- Choose a Screening Method
  - There are multiple screening tests available to screen patients for colorectal cancer. Achieving target screening rates will require use of both colonoscopy screening and a stool-based strategy.
- Calculate the Need for Colonoscopy
  - Calculating the extent of the need for colonoscopy will help organizations find a solution for meeting the need. Approaching specialists and local hospitals for a specific number of colonoscopies per year is more effective than making an open-ended request.



## Colonoscopy Needs Calculator

This calculator is designed to estimate the number of colonoscopies your practice or healthcare system may require with a high quality stool-based colorectal cancer screening program, based on a specific patient population.



# Allegheny Health Network Premier Medical Associates

- **Practice Type:** Multi-specialty physician practice
- **Location:** Greater Pittsburgh area
- **Primary Care System Statistics:**
  - 81,000+ patients
  - .2% (153 patients) are best served in a language other than English
  - 11% (8,939 patients) Black
  - 0.8% (679 patients) Hispanic
  - 1% (1,026 patients) of patients are uninsured
  - EHR: Allscripts



# Allegheny Health Network Premier Medical Associates

- **Major Challenge:** Provider preference for colonoscopy
- **Strategies:**
  - Provider education and shift to offering a menu of CRC screening options
  - Transparent data reporting
  - Proactive outreach to patients reaching screening age
  - Automated robocall reminders
  - Test completion tracking with a FIT registry and abnormal FIT registry
- **Results:** CRC increased from **57.5% in 2012 to 80% in 2015.**



# Allegheny Health Network Premier Medical Associates

- **Spotlight on Step #3: Get Patients Screened**
- **Make a Recommendation**
  - Multiple studies have shown that a recommendation from the provider (or a member of the provider's team) is the most influential factor on patient screening behavior.
- **Track Return Rates and Follow-up**
  - An organized system to track screening tests and follow-up is very important in a screening program.

**Robocall/text (sent 1 month before 50<sup>th</sup> birthday if a patient has never been screened before)**

Happy 50<sup>th</sup> Birthday!

Colon cancer rates are increasing for the 50-54 year age group.

A colonoscopy isn't the only option for colorectal cancer screening. There are simple, affordable options, including tests that can be done at home. Talk to your doctor about which option is right for you. Ask which tests are covered by your health insurance.

Patient name	DOB	MRUN	Date of + FIT	Home office	Provider	Action taken	Patient mailing address



Please put your questions in the Q&A box!

Q&A





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# Thank You!



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Questions? Contact [nccrt@cancer.org](mailto:nccrt@cancer.org)